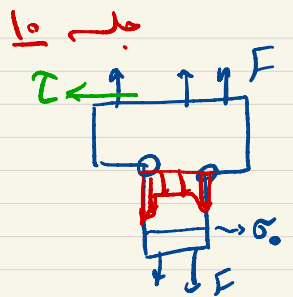


بِسْمِ اللّٰهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِیْمِ
تمرکز تنش :

طراحی اجزاء I



$$\sigma_{max} = K_t \cdot \sigma_0$$

ضریب تمرکز تنش

$$\tau_{max} = K_{ts} \cdot \tau_0$$

K_t با استفاده از جداول آخر کتاب قابل دستیابی است.
اما در بارگذاری نوسانی عامل دیگری نیز دخیل می شود.

$$\sigma_{max} = K_f \cdot \sigma_0$$

در بارگذاری نوسانی

ضریب تمرکز تنش در بارگذاری نوسانی

$$K_f = 1 + q(K_t - 1)$$

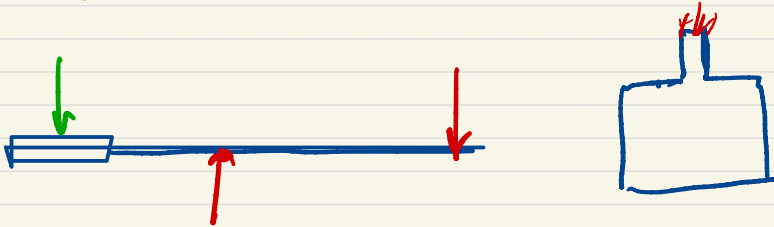
حالت ماه
در شدت ترک

$$q = \frac{K_f - 1}{K_t - 1}$$

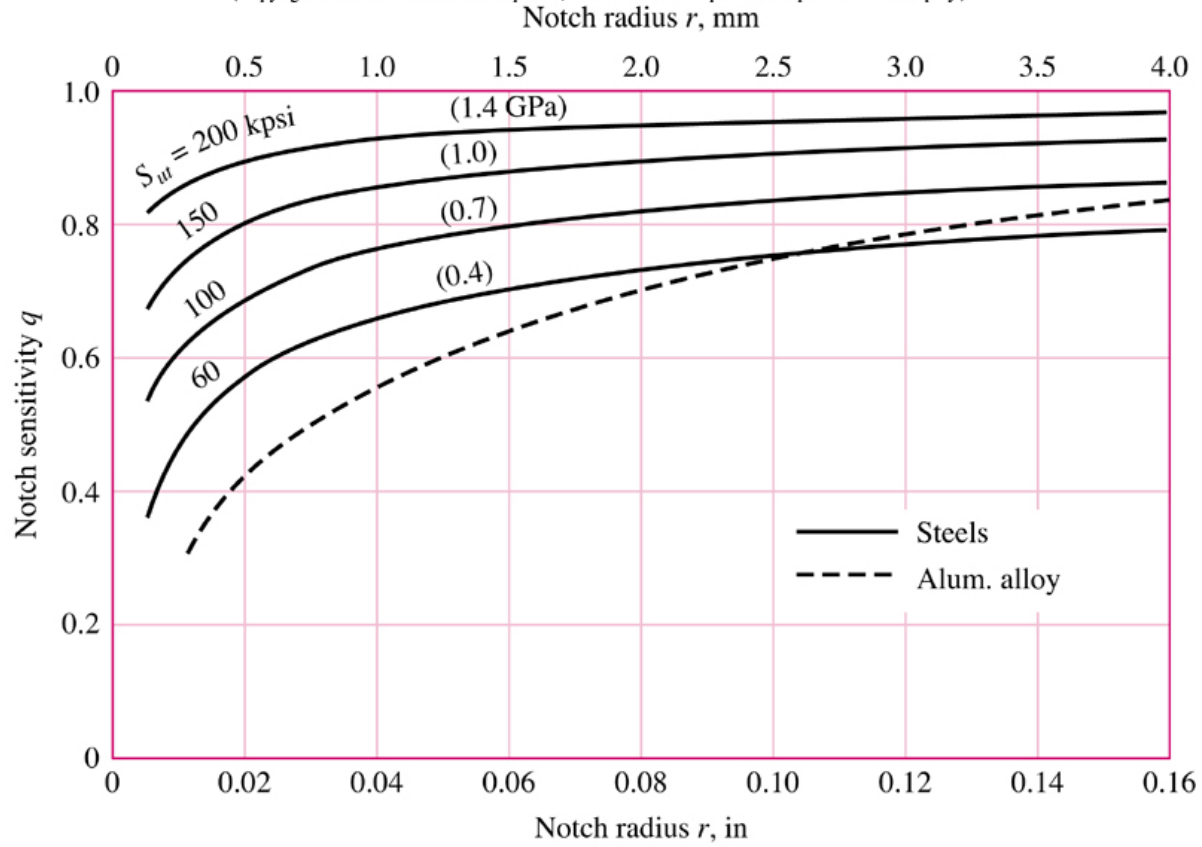
$$q_{\text{shear}} = \frac{K_{fs} - 1}{K_{ts} - 1} \rightarrow K_{fs} = 1 + q_{\text{shear}} (K_{ts} - 1)$$

با آنکه این نوعی $\tau_{\text{max}} = K_{fs} \tau_0$

q: ضریب حالت ماده بر رشت ترک (Table 6-20, 21)



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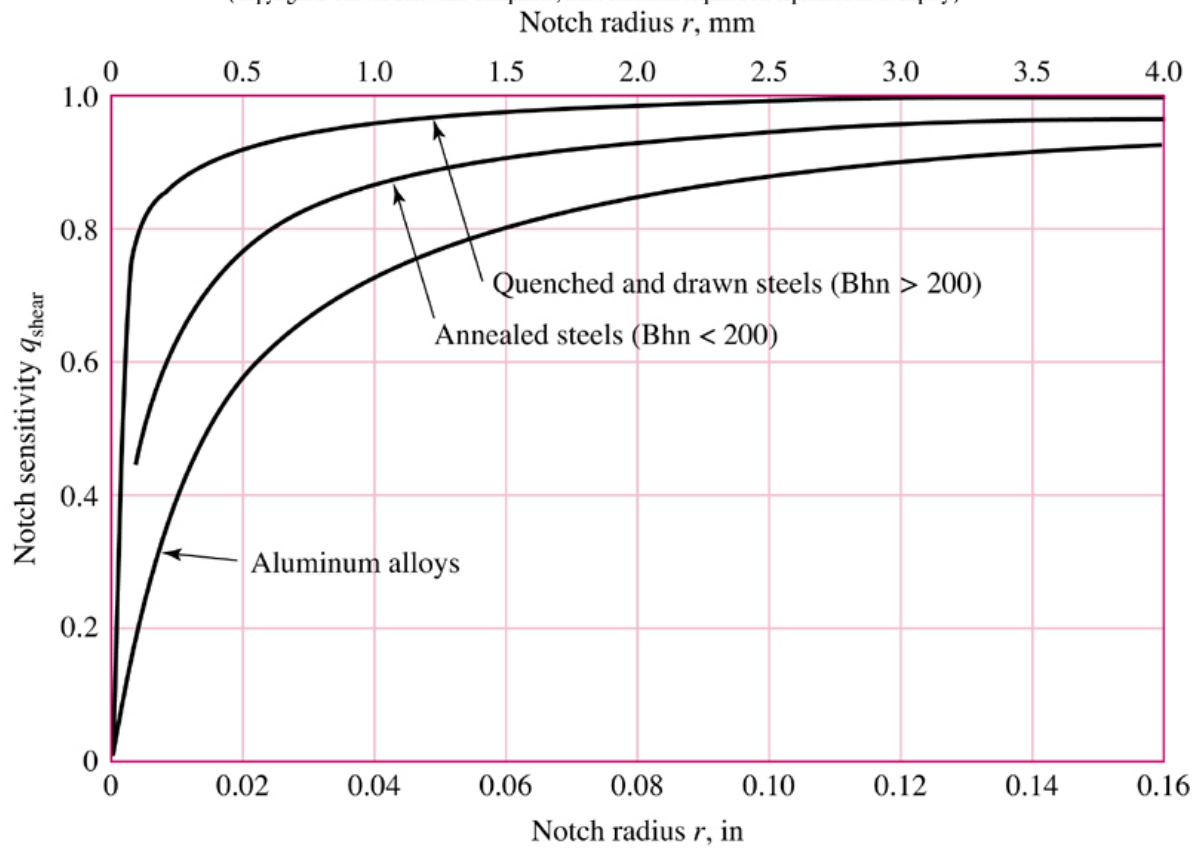


Table A-13

Charts of Theoretical Stress-Concentration Factors K_t^*

Figure A-13-1

Bar in tension or simple compression with a transverse hole. $\sigma_0 = F/A$, where $A = (w - d)t$ and t is the thickness.

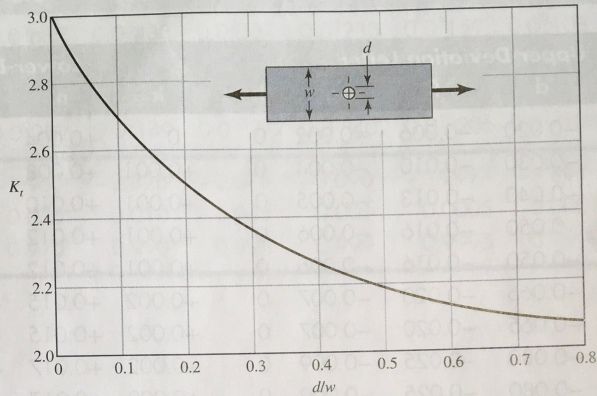


Figure A-13-2

Rectangular bar with a transverse hole in bending. $\sigma_0 = Mc/I$, where $I = (w - d)h^3/12$.

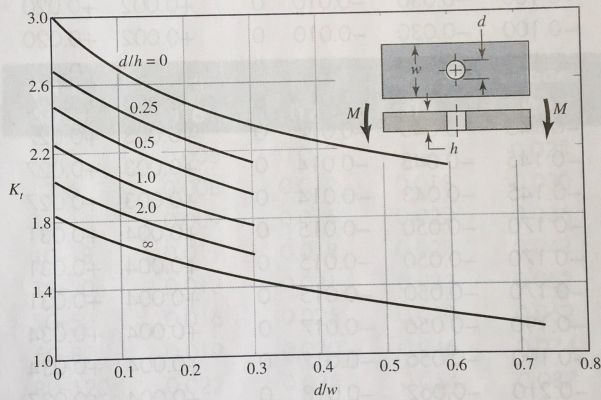


Figure A-13-3

Notched rectangular bar in tension or simple compression. $\sigma_0 = F/A$, where $A = dt$ and t is the thickness.

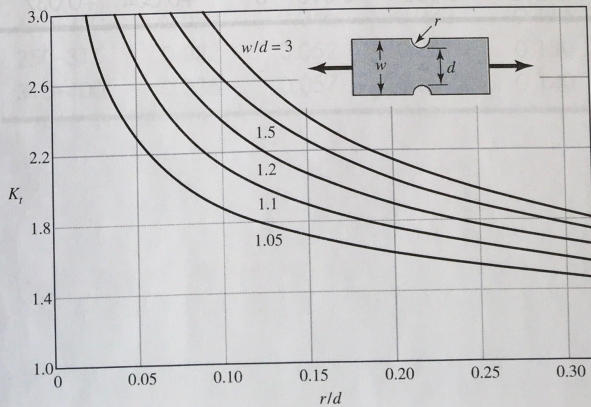


Table A-13

Charts of Theoretical Stress-Concentration Factors K_t^* (Continued)

Figure A-13-4

Notched rectangular bar in bending. $\sigma_0 = Mc/I$, where $c = d/2$, $I = td^3/12$, and t is the thickness.

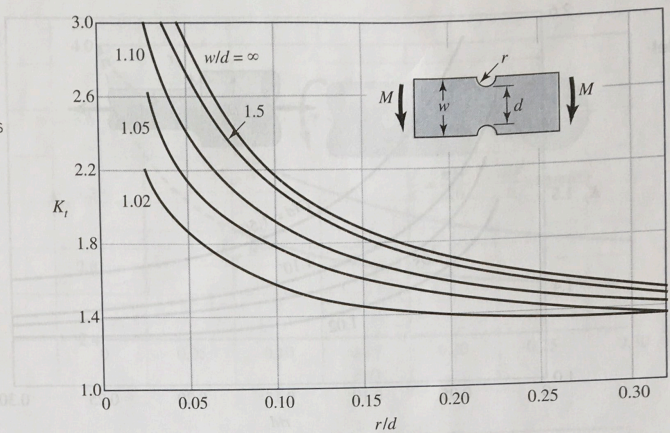


Figure A-13-5

Rectangular filleted bar in tension or simple compression. $\sigma_0 = F/A$, where $A = dt$ and t is the thickness.

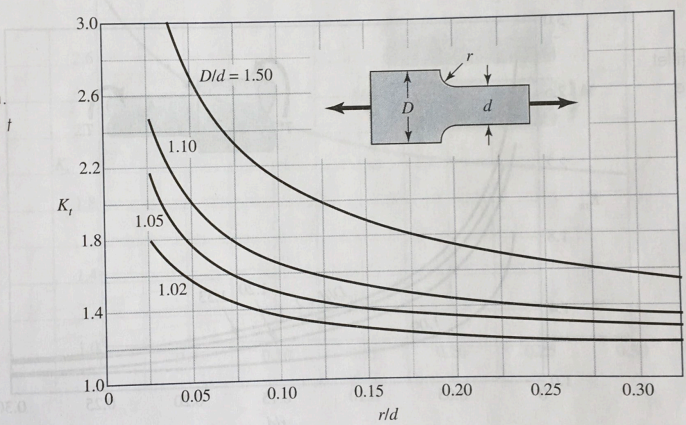
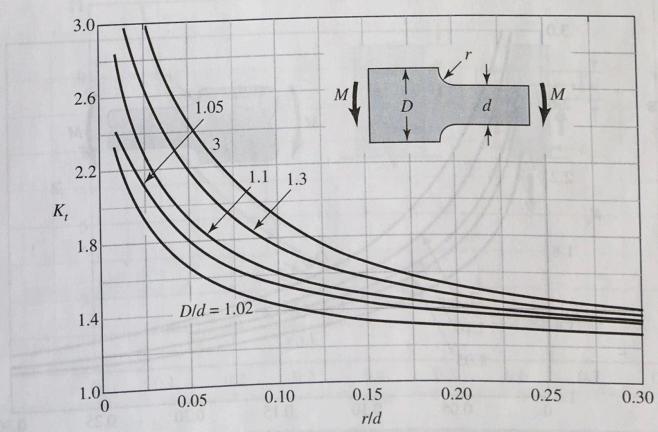


Figure A-13-6

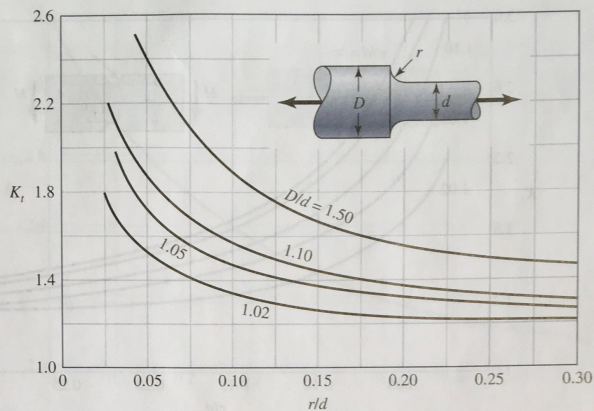
Rectangular filleted bar in bending. $\sigma_0 = Mc/I$, where $c = d/2$, $I = td^3/12$, t is the thickness.



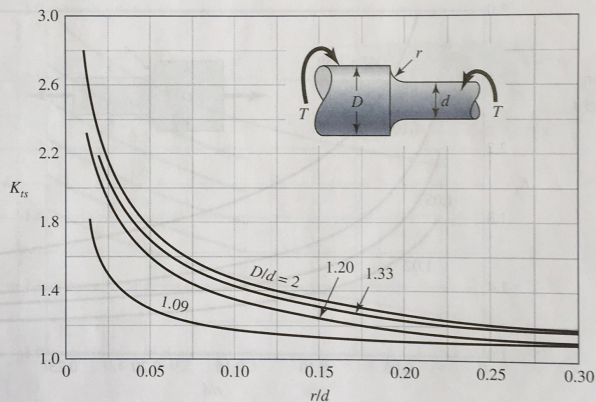
*Factors from R. E. Peterson, "Design Factors for Stress Concentration," Machine Design, vol. 23, no. 2, February 1951, p. 169; no. 3, March 1951, p. 161, no. 5, May 1951, p. 159; 1951, p. 173; no. 7, July 1951, p. 155. Reprinted with permission from Machine Design, a Penton Media Inc. publication.

Table A-13Charts of Theoretical Stress-Concentration Factors K_t^* (Continued)**Figure A-13-7**

Round shaft with shoulder fillet
in tension. $\sigma_0 = F/A$, where
 $A = \pi d^2/4$.

**Figure A-13-8**

Round shaft with shoulder fillet
in torsion. $\tau_0 = T_c/J$, where
 $c = d/2$ and $J = \pi d^4/32$.

**Figure A-13-9**

Round shaft with shoulder fillet
in bending. $\sigma_0 = Mc/I$, where
 $c = d/2$ and $I = \pi d^4/64$.

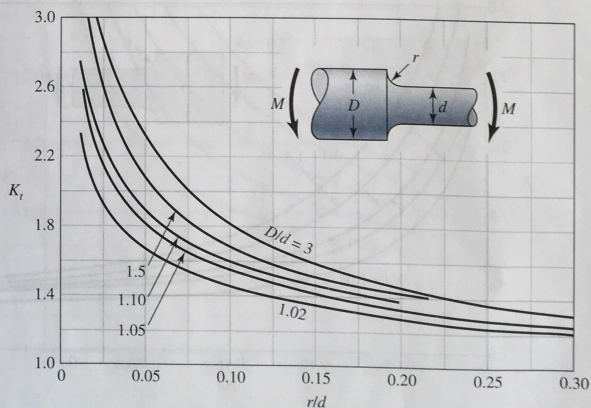


Figure A-13-10

Round shaft in torsion with transverse hole.

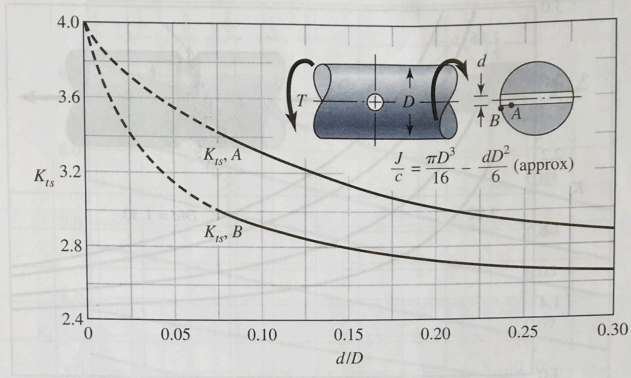


Figure A-13-11

Round shaft in bending with a transverse hole. $\sigma_0 = M/[(\pi D^3/32) - (dD^2/6)]$, approximately.

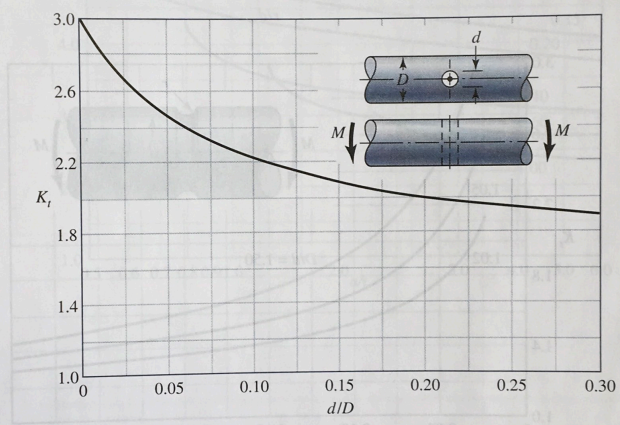
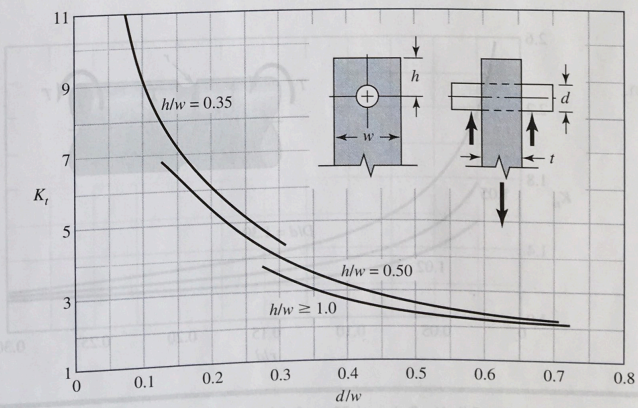


Figure A-13-12

Plate loaded in tension by a pin through a hole. $\sigma_0 = F/A$, where $A = (w - d)t$. When clearance exists, increase K_t 35 to 50 percent. (M. M. Frocht and H. N. Hill, "Stress Concentration Factors around a Central Circular Hole in a Plate Loaded through a Pin in Hole," J. Appl. Mechanics, vol. 7, no. 1, March 1940, p. A-5.)



(contin

*Factors from R. E. Peterson, "Design Factors for Stress Concentration," Machine Design, vol. 23, no. 2, February 1951, p. 169; no. 3, March 1951, p. 161, no. 5, May 1951, p. 159; no. 6, June 1951, p. 173; no. 7, July 1951, p. 155. Reprinted with permission from Machine Design, a Penton Media Inc. publication.

Table A-13

Charts of Theoretical Stress-Concentration Factors K_t^* (Continued)

Figure A-13-13

Grooved round bar in tension.

$\sigma_0 = F/A$, where
 $A = \pi d^2/4$.

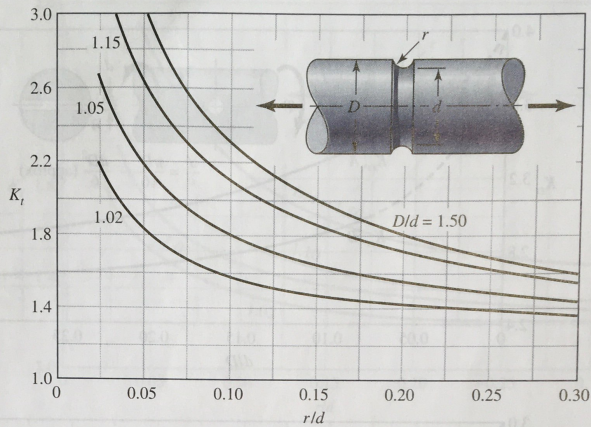


Figure A-13-14

Grooved round bar in bending. $\sigma_0 = Mc/I$, where
 $c = d/2$ and $I = \pi d^4/64$.

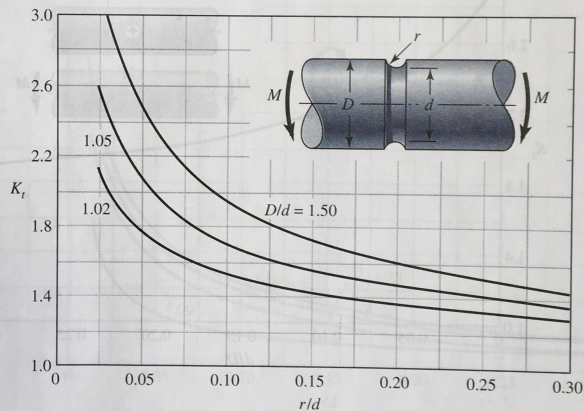
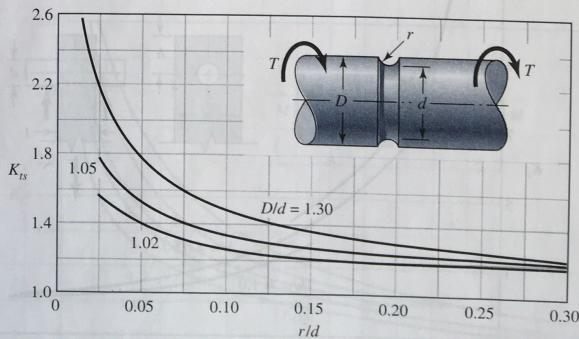


Figure A-13-15

Grooved round bar in torsion.

$\tau_0 = Tc/J$, where $c = d/2$
 and $J = \pi d^4/32$.



*Factors from R. E. Peterson, "Design Factors for Stress Concentration," Machine Design, vol. 23, no. 2, February 1951, p. 169; no. 3, March 1951, p. 161, no. 5, May 1951, p. 159; no. 6, June 1951, p. 173; no. 7, July 1951, p. 155. Reprinted with permission from Machine Design, a Penton Media Inc. publication.

Table A-13Charts of Theoretical Stress-Concentration Factors K_t^* (Continued)**Figure A-13-16**

Round shaft with
flat-bottom groove in
bending and/or tension.

$$\sigma_0 = \frac{4P}{\pi d^2} + \frac{32M}{\pi d^3}$$

Source: W. D. Pilkey, *Peterson's
Stress Concentration Factors*,
2nd ed. John Wiley & Sons,
New York, 1997, p. 115

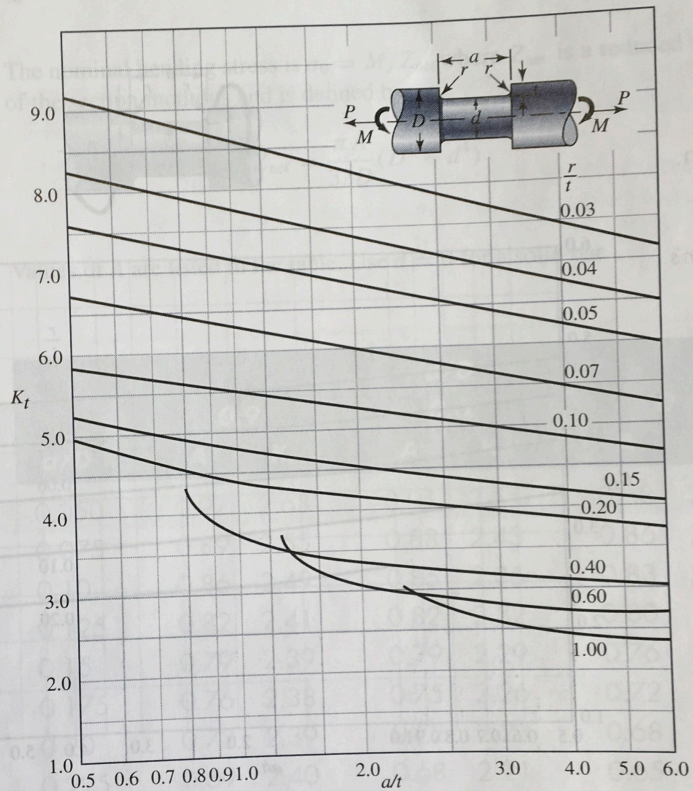


Table A-13

Charts of Theoretical Stress-Concentration Factors K_t^* (Continued)

Figure A-13-17

Round shaft with flat-bottom groove in torsion.

$$\tau_0 = \frac{16T}{\pi d^3}$$

Source: W. D. Pilkey, *Peterson's Stress Concentration Factors*, 2nd ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1997, p. 133

